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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/912,306	07/26/2001	Takahiro Naka	107439-00049	8068
4372	72 7590 03/11/2(05		EXAMINER	
ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN			DUONG, THANH P	
1050 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20036			1764	•

DATE MAILED: 03/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/912,306	NAKA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Tom P Duong	1764			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Externanter - If the - If NO - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 De	ecember 2004.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	2b) This action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 4 and 10-20 is/are pending in the appl	ication				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) 4 and 10-20 is/are rejected.		,			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment	v(c)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary ((PTO-413)			
2) Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te			
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Tr		,				

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants' remarks and amendments filed on December 03, 2004 have been carefully considered. Claim 4 has been amended. Claims 5-9 have been canceled. New claims 10-20 have been added. Claims 4 and 10-20 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 1. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Lovercheck (4,424,771). Lovercheck discloses an apparatus (Fig. 2) for feeding a fuel (methanol, Col. 5, lines 3-4) to a reforming apparatus (30) that generates a hydrogen-rich gas (Col. 7, lines 10-13) by reacting water, methanol and air (Col. 12, lines 57-60) on a catalyst (Col. 4, lines 3-6), comprising: a first methanol tank (3) wherein the methanol is controlled to a predetermined value for use in reforming, a second (44) fuel tank wherein the gasoline fed is controlled by selector switch (48), and a switching means (48) that switches the first and second fuel tanks used as a fuel source according to the conditions of operation of the methanol reforming apparatus. Lovercheck discloses the use of alcohol fuel such as liquid methanol (1st tank) or gasoline (2nd tank) (Col. 7, lines 15-17)

but does not disclose the use of mixed water-methanol; however, it would have been prima facie obviousness to feed commercially available, alternate fuel source such as gasoline, propane, and/or methanol, and etc. to the reformer to generate hydrogen-rich gas (See USPN 4,282,835, USPN 5,648,182, and 4,946,667) other than the use of mixed-methanol solution. In addition, inclusion of material or article worked upon by a structure being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See *In re Young*, 75 F.2d 966, 25USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lovercheck '771 in view of Beshty et al. (4,670,359). Regarding claims 10-11, Lovercheck discloses the second fuel tank 44 except a mixed water-methanol tank with the molar ratio of water/methanol is controlled by utilizing water in the methanol reforming apparatus. Beshty teaches the water recovered from condenser 22 can be used as a water supply for controlling the methanol and water mixture (Fig. 2 and Col. 6, lines 28-32 and Col. 3, lines 40-45). Thus, it would have been obvious in view of

Beshty to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the apparatus of Lovercheck by recovering the water from the reforming apparatus for utilization in methanol and water mixture as taught by Beshty in order to maximize energy recovery. Regarding claim 12, Lovercheck fails to disclose condenser recovers at least one of water generated in a fuel cell and water generated in the reforming apparatus. Beshty teaches the condensers (42) and (22) recover water from fuel cell (33) and from the reformer (23); respectively, to maximize the use of energy (Fig. 2). Thus, it would have been obvious in view of Beshty to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the apparatus of Lovercheck with a condenser after the fuel cell and condenser after the reformer in order to maximize the use of energy.

3. Claims 13-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applied references (Lovercheck '771 in view of Beshty '359) as applied to claim 4 above, and further in view of Marion et al. (4,392,869). Regarding claims 13 and 14, the applied references fail to disclose an electronic control unit to controls the amount of the water/methanol ratio and air/methanol ratio. Marion teaches an electronic control unit controls the ratio of oxygen/fuel (O/C) is 0.5-1.7 and ratio of H2O/fuel is 0-5 (Col. 9, lines 46-54 and Col. 9, lines 65-68) to provide proper temperature control and maximize the efficiency of the reformer (Col. 2, lines 33-37). Thus, it would have been obvious in view of Marion to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the applied references with an electronic control unit as taught by Marion in order to maintain the efficiency and stability of the reforming apparatus. Regarding claim 15, Marion shows

O2 sensor (flow transmitter 67 and 71) and fuel transmitter 48 and 58 to provide proper fuel and oxygen ratio. Regarding claims 16 and 17, it appears the mixing of fuel and oxygen in the apparatus of Marion during start-up and/or normal operation provides the same performance as the pre-mixed batch of the water-methanol of the claimed invention since both Marion and the claimed invention provide a balance feed of fuel and oxygen ratio to the reformer. As such, the pre-mix fuel batch of the claimed invention versus simultaneously mixing of fuel and air at start-up of Marion appears to be an obvious matter of design choice.

4. Claims 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applied references (Lovercheck '771 in view of Beshty '359) as applied to claim 4 above, and further in view of Negishi (6,165,633). The applied references fail to show an electronic control unit and a temperature sensor installed inside of the catalyst. Negishi teaches a control unit 50 with temperature sensor 31, which detects the internal temperature of the reformer 22 and adjusts the amount of supplied oxygen to the reformer for proper temperature control. Thus, it would have been obvious in view of Negishi to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the applied references with an electronic control unit and a temperature sensor as taught by Negishi in order to provide proper temperature control in the reformer. Note, different mechanism of controlling the air and/or fuel (water/methanol) to obtain a certain concentration, molar ratio, and temperature in the catalyst is considered to be intended use, and intended use in an

apparatus claim does not distinguish over the prior art apparatus. See *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 938, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 4 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The amended claim 4 with "a first and a second" mixed water-methanol and newly added claims 10-20 raise new issue which necessitate new ground of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP .

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Art Unit: 1764.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tom P Duong whose telephone number is (571) 272-2794. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM - 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tom Duong March 3, 2005

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Supervisory Patent Examiner Recursion Center 1700